Claims

- [c1] 1. A device for treatment of a gas flow, said device comprising:
 at least one body (3) configured to cause a conversion in the composition of a
 gas flow, said body (3) having a modular construction comprising a plurality of
 sections (26, 26', 27, 27', 36), each with different internal structures that allow
 gas to flow therethrough, said sections (26, 26', 27,27', 36) being arranged so
 that at least a portion of the gas flows through at least two sections with
 different internal structures during operation of the device.
- [c2] 2. The device as recited in claim 1, wherein at least one of said sections (26, 26', 27, 27', 36) exhibits a substantially unchanged cross section along a longitudinal axis thereof.
- [c3] 3. A device as recited in claim 1, wherein said sections (26, 26', 27, 27', 36) substantially are made out of a ceramic material.
- [c4] 4. A device as recited in claim 1, wherein the body (3) comprises at least one first section (27) that is provided with a plurality of gas flow passages (11) that extend essentially parallel to each other.
- [c5] 5. A device as recited in claim 4, wherein the body (3) comprises at least one second section (26) that is provided with a plurality of gas flow passages (11) that extend essentially parallel to each other, said plurality of gas flow passages (11) per cross section area unit differs between the first section (27) and the second section (26).
- [c6] 6. A device as recited in claim 5, wherein the first and the second sections (26, 27) are arranged so that at least a portion of the walls that define the gas flow passages (11) in the first section (27) form extensions of at least a portion of the walls that define the gas flow passages (11) in the second section (26).

- [c7] 7. A device as recited in claim 4, wherein the body (3) is arranged to permit heat exchange between gas flows in adjacent gas flow passages (11).
- [c8] 8. A device as recited in claim 7, wherein said device is arranged so that the main direction of the gas flow in one gas flow passage (11) is essentially the opposite of the main direction of the gas flow in an adjacent gas flow passage (11) during operation of the device.
- [c9] 9. A device as recited in claim 7, wherein gas flow passages (11) form inlet passages (11a) that are intended for an incoming gas flow and outlet passages (11b) that are intended for an outgoing gas flow, and that a reversing zone (13) is arranged in connection with said first section (27) so that gas entering said reversing zone (13) from the inlet passages (11a) is permitted to change direction and flow back through the outlet passages (11b).
- [c10] 10. A device as recited in claim 9, wherein the reversing zone (13) comprises a reversing chamber (13).
- [c11] 11. A device as recited in claim 9, wherein the body (3) comprises at least one second section (26, 26') that is provided with at least one first opening (4') for the entrance of an incoming gas flow, and that said second section (26, 26') is arranged in connection to at least one first section (27, 27'), and that said second section (26, 26') is adapted to distribute the incoming gas flow to the said inlet passages (11a).
- [c12] 12. A device as recited in claim 11, wherein said second section (26, 26') is provided with at least one second opening (5') for the exit of an outgoing gas flow, and that said second section (26, 26') is adapted to lead the outgoing gas flow out from said outlet passages (11b).
- [c13] 13. A device as recited in claim 11, wherein the second section (26) comprises

- a wall structure forming: at least one first channel (29) to which the incoming gas flow is fed; and a plurality of second channels (30) that extend from said first channel (29) and which second channels (30) are open to said inlet passages (11a).
- [c14] 14. A device as recited in claim 13, wherein said first channel (29) is closed to the gas flow passages (11a, 11b).
- [c15] 15. A device as recited in claim 12, wherein the wall structure forms a plurality of third channels (32) that are open to said outlet passages (11b), preferably said third channels (32) are formed between said second channels (30) using common walls.
- [c16] 16. A device as recited in claim 12, wherein the second section (26') comprises a zigzag shaped wall structure forming a first and a second set of channels (40,41), one set on each side of said zigzag shaped structure, wherein said first set of channels (40) are open to said inlet passages (L la) and said second set of channels (41) are open to said outlet passages (11b), and wherein the incoming gas flow is fed to the first set of channels (40).
- [c17] 17. A device as recited in claim 9, wherein said first section (27, 27') comprises an internal cavity (20) that extends substantially parallel to said gas flow passages (11a, 11b), and that said gas flow passages (11a, 11b) are distributed around said internal cavity (20).
- [c18] 18. A device as recited in claim 11, wherein said second section (26, 26') comprises an internal cavity (20), and that at least one first or second opening (4', 5') is directed towards said cavity (20) so that gas flow via said cavity (20) during operation of the device.
- [c19] 19. A device as recited in claim 7, wherein the body (3) has a substantially

- cylindrical shape, and said body (3) comprising an internal cavity (20) that extends in the longitudinal direction of the body (20), and that the device is arranged in such a way that at least one of (i) incoming gas entering the body (3) via said internal cavity (20) and (ii) outgoing gas exiting the body (3) via said internal cavity (20) during operation of the device.
- [c20] 20. A device as recited in claim 9, wherein the body (3) comprises at least one third section (36) provided with walls (39) that are permeable to the gas flow, said third section (36) being primarily adapted to remove particulates from the gas.
- [c21] 21. A device as recited in claim 20, wherein the third section (36) is arranged between the first section (27, 27') and the reversing chamber (13), and that said permeable walls (39) essentially defines an extension of the gas flow passages (11a, 11b) in the first section, and that the outlet passages (11b) are closed to the reversing chamber (13) so that the gas is forced to flow through said permeable walls (39) during operation of the device.
- [c22] 22. A device as recited in claim 1, wherein at least a part of the surfaces in the body (3) that are in contact with the gas flow are coated with a catalyst material.
- [c23] 23. A device as recited in claim 1, wherein at least a part of the surfaces in the body (3) that are in contact with the gas flow are coated with an adsorption/desorption agent.
- [c24] 24. A device as recited in claim 1, further comprising means for controlling the temperature of the gas flow in the body (3), said means comprising at least one of: (i) a heat generator arranged in, or in connection to, the body (3); (ii) cooling flanges arranged in, or in connection to, the body (3); (iii) arrangements for introducing cooling air into the body (3); and (iv) a system for controlling the

- composition of the incoming gas flow.
- [c25] 25. A device as recited in claim 24, wherein said system for controlling the composition of the incoming gas flow comprises at least one of the following: (i) an arrangement for introduction of oxidizing species, such as air, into the incoming gas flow; and (ii) an arrangement for introduction of oxidizable species, such as hydrocarbons, into the incoming gas flow.
- [c26] 26. A device as recited in claim 24, wherein the device is arranged in connection to a combustion engine, and that said system for controlling the composition of the incoming gas flow comprises an arrangement for controlling the operation of the combustion engine, which operation in turn affects the composition of the incoming gas flow.
- [c27] 27. A device as recited in claim 1, wherein the device is adapted to purify the exhaust gas from an internal combustion engine, preferably in a mobile application.
- [c28] 28. A device as recited in claim 2, wherein a plurality of said sections (26, 26', 27, 27', 36) exhibit a substantially unchanged cross section in at least one certain direction.
- [c29] 29. A device as recited in claim 3, wherein said sections (26, 26', 27, 27', 36) are joined together by sintering, preferably the body (3) is substantially made out of a ceramic material.
- [c30] 30. A device as recited in claim 29, wherein said body (3) is substantially made out of a ceramic material.
- [c31] 31. A device as recited in claim 19, wherein the body (3) has a general shape of a circular cylinder.

[c32] 32. A device as recited in claim 1, wherein the device is adapted to purify the exhaust gas from a mobile internal combustion engine.